Contest #3

## Senior Division ACSL Blokus

**PROBLEM:** *Blokus* is an abstract strategy board game for two to four players, invented by Bernard Tavitian and first released in 2000 by Sekkoïa, a French company. The ACSL version of the game is played on a square board divided into 10 rows and 10 columns. Rows are labeled A - J and columns 1 - 10. Pieces made of square tiles are used. The following 4 pieces will be used:

PIECE A	PIECE B	PIECE C	PIECE D
1 2	1 2	1	1
	3	2 3 4	2 3
	- <del></del>		4

The

object of the game is to place the pieces corner-to-corner on the board. Edges cannot touch. Tiles cannot overlap. All pieces must fit on the board. A clock-wise rotation amount for all pieces of 0, 90, 180, or 270 degrees is allowed. In the rotation tile 1 is always the pivot tile. The 3 diagrams below show the rotations of piece A with tile #1 placed at location B#3.

90 degrees					180 degrees					270 degrees					
	1	2	3	4			1	2	3	4		1	2	3	4
С						С					С			2	
В			1			В		2	1		В			1	
A			2			A					A				

**INPUT:** There will be 5 lines of input. Each line will contain:

- 1. A 2-character starting location in row-column order for piece A. Example: C2 tells you to put tile #1 of piece A at location C2.
- 2. A rotation amount for piece A. In the rotation tile #1 is always the fixed pivot tile. Tile 1 does not change its location in any rotation.
- 3. A tile number for piece A. Example: Since piece A is made with just 2 tiles, this tile number will be a 1 or a 2.
- 4. A second tile number to be used with all 4 tiles. This is the tile number that will be used to link with piece A.

Sample Input #1 tells you to go to location row F-column 4 and place tile #1 of piece A rotated 0 degrees at that location. Using just tile #2 of piece A, try to place all of the pieces corner-to-corner with it using tile #1 of the other pieces as the link point. Shown are some examples of the pieces connecting with various rotations.

		2							
		1							
1	2						1	2	
		1			1	2		3	
		2	i				1	2	
								3	
1	2						4	3	2
		1		•				1	
	3	2				1	2		2
,									

**OUTPUT:** For each input, print the total number of ways the rotated tile pieces fit corner-to-corner at the given tile number of piece A. If no piece will fit, then print NONE.

## **SAMPLE INPUT**

## 1. F4, 0, 2, 1

- 2. J1, 90, 2, 2
- 3. A4, 180, 1, 4
- 4. C2, 270, 2, 3

## SAMPLE OUTPUT

- 1. 16
- 2. 6
- 3. 4
- 4. 3