## PROBLEMS ON BINOMIAL SERIES

```
I.25 What is the constant term in the expansion of
  (x^2 - 2/x^3)^5? (a) 40 (b) -40 (c) 10 (d) -10 (e) 4
I.29 Which of the following is the best approximation to
  (1.0013)^{1/5}? (a) 1.01 (b) 1.0004 (c) 1.0001 (d) 1.00015
     (e) 1.0003
II.30 The number (1.001) 100 is best approximated by
(a) 1.010 (b) 1.101 (c) 1.111 (d) 2.0 (e) 1.0011 ? III.6 Which of the following numbers is nearest 1?
    (a) (1.01)^{10} (b) (1.001)^{100} (c) 1.101 (d) (.99)^{100}
    (e) (.9)^{10}
IV.11 Which of the following numbers is the largest?
    (a) 1.1 (b) (1.01)^{10} (c) (1.001)^{100} (d) 1/.9
    (e (1/.99)^{10}
V.11 Which of the numbers is nearest (1.05) 10- 1.5?
    (a) 1/920 (b) 1/75 (c) 1/54 (d) 1/9 (e) 1/2
VI.4 The coefficient of x^6 in the expansion of
  (1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{10})^3 is
    (a) 12 (b) 18 (c) 24 (d) 28 (e) 36.
VI.8 Which of the following is the best approximation for
   (1.09)^{1/2}? (a) 1.03 (b) 1.045 (c) 1.3 (d) 1.003
    (e) 1.081
VII.15 If x,y > 0 and y/x is large then (y - x)^{1/2} is
  approximately equal to
    (a) y^{1/2} - x^{1/2} (b) y - x/2y^{1/2} (c) x^{1/2}/4y^2 (d) y^{1/2} - x/2y^{1/2} (e) y^{1/2} - (x/y)^{1/2}
VIII.14 The coefficient of x^8 in the expansion of
  (x^3 + x^2 + x + 1)^4 is
(a) 10 (b) 31 (c) 38 (d) 60 (e) 120 VIII.17 The cube of which number is closest to 8.0036?
  (a) 2.0012 (b) 2.0003 (c) 2.004 (d) 2.0006 (e) 2.06
IX.29 The value (10^{10} + 1)^{10} - 10^{100} is best approximated by
  10^{x} where x = (a) 91 (b) 101 (c) 1001 (d) 11 (e) 19.
X.30 In the expansion of (1 + a + a^2 + a^3 + a^4)^{10} the
  coefficient of a is
   (a) 48 (b) 64 (c) 81 (d) 127 (e) 220
X.9 If a is a very small number then 4(4 + a)^{1/2} – (8 + a) is
  best approximated by (a) -a^{3}/16 (b) a^{2}/64 (c) a^{3}/27
  (d) -a^2/8 (e) 3a/329
```