Geometry Team Questions: Sponsor Copy

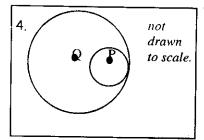
1. Let K be the length BC of quadrilateral ABCD. Let R be the area of quadrilateral ABCD to the nearest whole

number. Give the value of $K^2 + R$. (diagram 1)

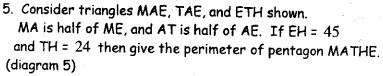
2. One exterior angle of a regular polygon is 4x degrees. One interior angle of the same polygon is 120x + 56 degrees. If the polygon has sides of length 30 cm, then the perimeter

of the polygon is P. Give the value of $(\sqrt{P})^{\chi}$. (no diagram)

3. In ΔMST , \overline{RU} is parallel to \overline{ST} . If RU= 5x, ST=8, MR= x+6, and RS=4-x. If RU= y, then give the value of 14(x+y). (diagram 3)

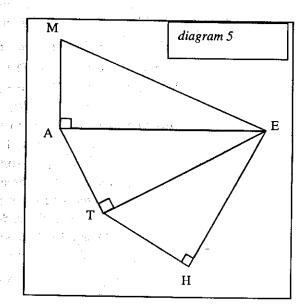


A circle with center P is internally tangent to a circle with center Q. The radius of P is 5 and the radius of Q is 20. If R is a point on circle P, and S is a point on circle Q, then let x be the greatest distance possible from R to S, and let y be the least distance possible between R and S, and z be length PQ. Give the value of x+y+z. (diag. 4)



6. An equilateral triangle PQR is drawn on the coordinate plane, with vertices all equidistant from the origin. Each side of the triangle has length 12. Square ABCD is drawn on the same axes, with center on the origin, and vertices A(1, 1), B(1, -1), C(-1, -1), and D(-1, 1). Both polygons rotate about the origin, each vertex making a 360 degree rotation. Let K be the total area covered by the triangle during its rotation. Let L be the total area covered by the square during its rotation.

Give the positive difference of K and L. (no diagram)



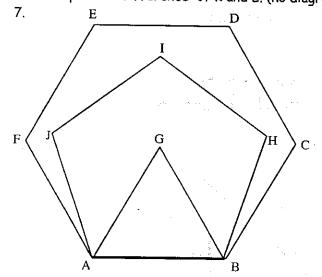
diag. I

 60°

5√949

145

D

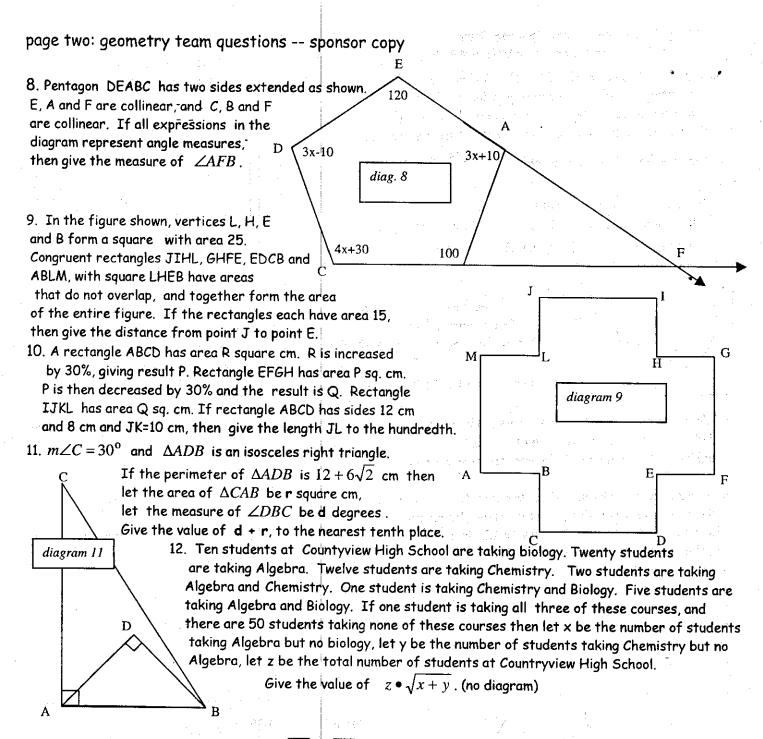


Equilateral triangle AGB, regular pentagon ABHIJ, and regular hexagon ABCDEF all share a side \overline{AB} as shown.

$$x = m \angle JAG$$

 $y = m \angle FAJ$
 $z = m \angle HGB$ (not shown)
 $a = m \angle BCH$ (not shown)

Find the value of x + y + z - a.



13. In parallelogram ABCD, the height to \overline{CD} is \overline{AE} . If $m\angle ADC = 60^{\circ}$, and AD=10 and AB= 16 then let x be the height from B to side \overline{AD} . Let y be the length of the diagonal \overline{AC} . Let z be the area of ABCD.

Give the value of $\frac{100xy}{z}$ (no diagram).

14. In triangle ABD, \overline{BD} is drawn, forming trapezoid BDEC, as shown. If BD=10, BC=15, DE=13, and CE=24 and the height of the trapezoid is 12. Find the area of triangle ABD.

