For each of the questions below, NOTA means none of the other answers provided are correct.

1.	Given f	Given $f(x) = \sin^2 x$ , for what value of x (in radian measure) is $f'(2x) = 0$					
	A) 0	B) $\frac{\pi}{6}$	C) $\frac{\pi}{4}$	D) $\frac{\pi}{3}$	E) NOTA		
			7		Market production of the		

The region bounded by the line y = 4 and the curve  $y = x^2$  is cut into two regions 2. of equal area by the line y = k. What is the value of k?

A) 2

B)  $2\sqrt{2}$  C)  $2\sqrt[3]{2}$  D)  $2\sqrt[4]{2}$  E) NOTA

Given  $f(x) = x^n$ , where n is a natural number, What is the  $n^{th}$  derivative of 3. Charles of the Carried Mark Connection

A) n!x B)  $(n-1)!x^{n-1}$  C) n! D) 0 E) NOTA

Given an odd continuous function f and the fact  $\int_{0}^{\infty} f(x) dx = N$ , what is the value 4. of  $\int_{0}^{2a} f(x) dx$ ? C) Cannot be determined D) -2N E) NOTA

A) 2N

B)0

At what x value is the line tangent to  $f(x) = \sqrt{3x+1}$  parallel to the line 5. 2x-3y=6?(A)  $\frac{1}{6}$  B)  $\frac{9}{4}$  C)  $\frac{65}{48}$  D)  $\frac{81}{64}$  E) NOTA

6. Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\pi} (\sin^{2} x + \cos^{2} x) dx$ A) 0 B)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  C)  $\pi$  D)  $\frac{5\pi}{4}$  E) NOTA

## For each of the questions below, NOTA means none of the other answers provided are correct.

7.	Find the value c guaranteed	by the mean value	e theorem for	$f(x) = 4\sqrt{x}$	+ 3a
	on the interval [1,4].			- <b>.</b>	

- A) There are none B)  $\frac{3}{2}$  C)  $\frac{9}{4}$  D)  $\frac{27}{8}$

- E) NOTA

8. Evaluate 
$$\lim_{h\to 0} \frac{\cot\left(\frac{\pi}{4}+h\right)-1}{h}$$

- A)-1
- B)-2
- C) 1
- D) 2
- E) NOTA

9. Find the equation of the line normal to 
$$y = \frac{3}{x^2}$$
 at  $x = 2$ .

- A)  $y \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4}(x-2)$  B)  $y + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{-3}{4}(x-2)$
- C)  $y \frac{3}{4} = \frac{-4}{3}(x-2)$  D)  $y \frac{3}{4} = \frac{4}{3}(x-2)$

10. Evaluate 
$$\lim_{h\to 0} \frac{\sin^2(5x)}{2x^2}$$

E) NOTA

- A) 0 B)  $\frac{2}{5}$  C) 1 D)  $\frac{5}{2}$  E) NOTA

11. How many asymptotes does the graph of the function 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 2x}{x^2 - 4}$$
 have?  
A) 0 B) 1 C) 2 D) 3 E) NOTA

- A) 0
- B) 1

- E) NOTA

12. A spherical balloon is being inflated at a constant rate of 
$$3 \frac{cm^3}{min}$$
. What is the rate of change of the surface area at the instant that the volume of the balloon is  $36\pi cm^3$ ?

- A)  $\frac{3}{4}$  cm<sup>2</sup>/min
- B)  $\frac{4}{3}$  cm<sup>2</sup>/min C) 2 cm<sup>2</sup>/min

- D)  $2\pi^{cm^2/min}$
- E) NOTA

For each of the questions below, NOTA means none of the other answers provided are correct.

13. Simplify 
$$\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$$
 for  $f(x)=\frac{1}{x+1}$ 

A) 
$$\frac{1}{(x+1)(x+h+1)}$$

A) 
$$\frac{1}{(x+1)(x+h+1)}$$
 B)  $\frac{-1}{(x+1)(x+h+1)}$ 

C) 
$$\frac{-x}{(x+1)(x+h+1)}$$
 D)  $\frac{x}{(x+1)(x+h+1)}$ 

D) 
$$\frac{x}{(x+1)(x+h+1)}$$

E) NOTA

14. Evaluate 
$$\lim_{h\to 0} \frac{1-\cos^2 5h}{h}$$

- A) undefined
- C) 1
- D) 0

E) NOTA

15. Find the value of 
$$k$$
 which makes the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0.4x + k^2 & x < 1 \\ kx + 2.4 & 1 \le x \end{cases}$  continuous.

- A) -2
- B)-1

- Given  $f'(x) = \sin(x^2)$ , then the graph of y = f(x) is increasing on which of 16. the following intervals?
- A)  $(0,\pi)$  B)  $(\pi,2\pi)$  C)  $(-\sqrt{\pi},\sqrt{\pi})$
- D)  $(\sqrt{\pi}, \sqrt{2\pi})$  E) NOTA
- For  $f(x) = x^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$  what is the x-coordinate of the point of inflection?

A) 
$$\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{2/5}$$

- (A)  $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{\frac{2}{5}}$  (B)  $\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^{\frac{2}{5}}$  (C)  $\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$  (D) 1 E) NOTA
- The location function of a particle in motion is  $s(t) = 2t^3 9t^2 + 5$ . What is 18. the value of a(t), the acceleration function, when velocity is first zero? Assume that t>0.
  - A) 18
- B)0
- C) 3
- D) 18

For each of the questions below, NOTA means none of the other answers provided are correct.

The base of a solid in quadrant I is bounded by the curve  $y = 4 - x^{2/3}$ . If each cross section perpendicular to the x-axis is a square with one edge in the xy-plane, the volume of the resulting solid is

A) 
$$\frac{1024}{35}$$
 B)  $\frac{2896}{35}$  C)  $\frac{328}{3}$  D)  $\frac{2560}{3}$  E) NOTA

- 20. Given the following facts f(2) = 6, f'(2) = 4, f''(2) = 2, evaluate  $\frac{d^2(f^3(x))}{dx^2} \text{ at } x = 2$ A) -360 B) 36 C) 612 D) 792 E) NOTA
- 21. Let  $f(x) = ax^4 + bx^2$  where ab < 0. Which of the following is true?
  - A) f has three critical values
  - B) f has two points of inflection
  - C) There is a point of inflection when x = 0
  - D) f has two roots
  - E) NOTA
- 22.  $f(x) = -x^3 + Ax^2 + Bx + 30$ . Given the facts that f'(x) > 0 on (-2,10) and f'(4) = 0, find A and B

A) 
$$A = -12$$
,  $B = -60$ 

B) 
$$A = -12$$
,  $B = -36$ 

C) 
$$A = 12$$
,  $B = -60$ 

D) 
$$A = 12$$
,  $B = 60$ 

- E) NOTA
- 23. Given the graph of a continuous function y = f(x) such that f(a) = c and f(b) = d. Geometrically, the average rate of change of f(x) on [a,b] is represented by
  - A) The length of a horizontal line segment
  - B) The length of a vertical line segment
  - C) An area
  - D) Slope of the segment joining (a,c) and (b,d)
  - E) NOTA

For each of the questions below, NOTA means none of the other answers provided are correct.

24.	Let $f(x)$ be a function such that	f(2)=3. Which of the following statements
	MUST be true?	

I) 
$$\lim_{x\to 2} f(x) = 3$$

- II) f(x) is continuous at x=2
- III) f(x) is differentiable at x = 2
- A) I only.
- B) II only
- C) III only
- D) all must be true
- E) NOTA

25. 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 - 8}{x - 2} & x \neq 2 \\ k & x = 2 \end{cases}$$
 If  $f(x)$  is continuous, then  $k = 1$ 

- A) 0
- B) 2

- E) NOTA

26. Find the equation of the line tangent to 
$$x^2 + 3y^2 = 4$$
 at (1,1)

A) 
$$y+1=\frac{-1}{3}(x+1)$$

B) 
$$y-1=\frac{-x}{3y}(x-1)$$

C) 
$$x + 3y = 2$$

D) 
$$y-1=\frac{-1}{3}(x-1)$$

E) NOTA

- A) 40 ft
- B) 200 ft
- C) 500 ft
- D) 20,000 ft E) NOTA

- A) 7.69
- B) 12
- C) 12.21
- D) 12.68
- E) NOTA

For each of the questions below, NOTA means none of the other answers provided are correct.

- The height of fluid in a cylinder with a radius of 4 cm is increasing at the rate of 29.  $2^{cm}$  Find the rate of change of the volume of fluid in the cylinder with respect to time when the height of the fluid is 10 cm.
  - A)  $16\pi \frac{cm^3}{\min}$  B)  $\frac{1}{16\pi}\frac{cm^3}{\min}$  C)  $\frac{5}{8\pi}\frac{cm^3}{\min}$
- D)  $160\pi^{cm^3}/_{\text{min}}$  E) NOTA
- Use the trapezoidal rule with two equal subintervals to approximate, correct to 30. three decimal places,  $\int \sin \sqrt{x} dx$ 
  - A) 0.042
- B) 0.692
- C) 0.915 D) 0.928
- E) NOTA